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ABSTRACT

This monograph presents the computer printout of an analysis of data on international conflict over a three-year period. Part of a large scale research project to test various theories with regard to their power in analyzing international relations, this monograph presents data on the application of discriminant function analysis to combined 'topdog' and 'underdog' behavior among nations (TU actors) in light of relative status field theory. The objectives are to show whether national behavioral tendencies tend to cluster and to determine whether any two nations or group of nations share the same behavior profiles. Field theory maintains that international relations consists of all the attributes and interactions of nations, can be analytically divided into attributes and behavior, and exhibits dyad formations (interactions between two nations) in matters of behavior. Relative status field theory presents a break with the status field theory approach in that it argues that status relationships ought to be treated in relative terms. Scores on variables including economic development, political stability, and power base were compared for each nation to determine relative status. Field theory was applied to a single index for the three-year period in question--the WEIS conflict data (World Event Interaction Survey), which was created using the "New York Times" as a data source. The method involved assigning a negative or positive parameter weight on each predictive factor (such as economic development) which indicated the kind of behavior engaged in by that nation relative to other states. Nations were then assigned a status--a combined 'topdog' and 'underdog' (TU) in this analysis. Approximately 30 nations were assigned to TU actors status. Findings are based on a significance level of .05 or less. Policy implications of each finding are discussed. (DB)

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ATTRIBUTES AND NATIONAL BEHAVIOR, PART 2: MODERN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS MONOGRAPH SERIES.

# PATTERNS OF CONFLICT: RELATIVE STATUS-FIELD THEORY, TU ACTORS

ED194387

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PART 2 CONSISTS OF 42 MONOGRAPHS OF A LARGE SCALE PROJECT TESTING SEVERAL ATTRIBUTE, ATTRIBUTE DISTANCE BASED THEORIES. EACH RESEARCH MONOGRAPH IS NUMBERED AND GIVEN A SUB-TITLE, LISTED BELOW. EACH FOCUSES UPON SOME ASPECT OF A LARGE SCALE RESEARCH EFFORT CORRELATING NATIONAL ATTRIBUTES TO INTERNATIONAL BEHAVIOR. ALL MONOGRAPHS CAN BE PRINTED FROM TAPE BY COMPUTER.

TAPE SPECS ARE: 9 TRACK, 800 BPI, EBCDIC, 132 CHARACTER RECORDS, 2400 FEET.

NOTE! SINCE THE CODEBOOK WAS PUBLISHED, MONOGRAPHS 1-6, 10, 27 AND 39 HAVE BEEN FURTHER EDITED, REDUNDANCY REMOVED AND GATHERED TOGETHER UNDER THE TITLE OF: PROJECT THEORY: INTERPRETATIONS AND POLICY RELEVANCE. THIS COLECTION MAY BE FOUND IN FILE 8. SINCE IT IS UPDATED, IT IS RECOMENDED THAT THIS FILE BE USED INSTEAD OF THE ORIGINAL MATERIALS IN THE APPROPRIATE CASES. IN THE CASE OF THE OTHER FILES, THEY RETAIN THE ORIGINAL BUILT-IN REDUNDANCY.

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NOTE: ALL MONOGRAPHS ON TAPE ARE SET UP TO PRINT ON A UNIVAC DOCUMENT PROCESSOR. SPECIAL PROGRAMS TO ASSIST IN PRINTING ON A DECWRITER II FOR UPPER AND LOWER CASE, DOUBLE SPACE, LENGTH ADJUSTED FOR THE DECWRITER AND WITH FOOTNOTE CAPABILITY, ARE CONTAINED IN MONOGRAPH 26. TABLES OR FIGURES THAT GO BEYOND 80 COLUMNS MAY BE FOLDED IF THE DOCUMENT PROCESSOR IS USED. IF THIS IS UNDESIRABLE, THEY CAN BE PRINTED BY OTHER STANDARD PRINT COMMANDS, SUCH AS AN EDITOR PROGRAM, WHICH CAN PRINT, WITHOUT FOLDING, TO 132 COLUMNS. ALSO, DOCUMENT COMMANDS ARE INVISIBLE IN THE COPY ONLY IF THE DOCUMENT PROCESSOR IS USED. IF OTHER PRINT COMMANDS ARE USED, THE DOCUMENT COMMANDS WILL BE VISIBLE, I.E., WILL APPEAR AS >DOUBLE>, >SPACE>, ETC. AND ARE LEFT JUSTIFIED. IF THEY ARE NOT NEEDED, THEY CAN BE IGNORED OR EDITED OUT. ALL MONOGRAPHS ARE IN MIXED UPPER AND LOWER CASE, EXCEPT MONOGRAPHS 19 AND 26, WHICH ARE IN UPPER CASE ONLY.

# Attributes and National Behavior:

## Modern International Relations Monograph Series

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PATTERNS OF CONFLICT: RELATIVE STATUS-FIELD THEORY, TU ACTORS

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THE ANALYSIS THAT FOLLOWS IS A COMPONENT OF A LARGER RESEARCH EFFORT THE PURPOSE OF WHICH IS TO TEST ATTRIBUTE THEORY (RUMMEL, 1969A), SOCIAL FIELD THEORY (RUMMEL, 1969A), DISTANCE THEORY (VINCENT, 1975), AND RELATIVE STATUS-FIELD THEORY, TREATING RELATIVE T = TOPDOG AND U = UNDERDOG BEHAVIOR IN THE INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM (VINCENT, 1976). ALL THEORIES ARE TESTED ON THE SAME, 1966-69, WEIS (AGGREGATED) DATA.

FULL TECHNICAL TREATMENT OF THE THEORIES AND METHODS IS GIVEN ELSEWHERE AND WILL NOT BE REPEATED HERE. THAT IS, DETAILS, SUCH AS THE CONSTRUCTION OF A-SPACE (ATTRIBUTE SPACE) OR D-SPACE (DISTANCE SPACE), ETC. CAN BE OBTAINED FROM THE RELEVANT BIBLIGRAPHIC ENTRIES. ELABORATE TECHNICAL DISCUSIONS, HOWEVER, ARE NOT REALLY NECESSARY TO UNDERSTAND OR USE THE RESULTS GENERATED HERE. IT SHOULD BE CLEAR, HOWEVER, THAT ALL OF THE INDEPENDENT VARIABLES TREATED, SUCH AS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, ARE >FACTORS>, THAT IS, COMPOSITE INDEXES GENERATED OUT OF A NUMBER OF RELATED VARIABLES, USING THE TECHNIQUE OF FACTOR ANALYSIS.

WHEN THE THEORIES ARE APPLIED, EACH NATION RECIEVES A NEGATIVE OR POSITIVE PARAMETER WEIGHT ON EACH PREDICTIVE FACTOR, SUCH AS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, WHICH INDICATES THE KIND OF BEHAVIORAL EXPORTATION ENGAGED IN BY THAT STATE RELATIVE TO OTHER STATES.

THE ANALYSIS PRESENTED HERE INDICATES THE RESULTS THAT OCCUR WHEN + TYPE NATION EXPORTERS ARE COMPARED TO - TYPE NATION EXPORTERS IN TERMS OF SIMILARITY OF MODEL AND ATTRIBUTE TYPE.

THIS WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED BY TWO MODES OF ANALYSIS.

THE FIRST MODE WILL BE TO PERFORM A FACTOR ANALYSIS ON THE WEIGHTS OF THE NATIONS ACROSS THE PREDICTOR DIMENSIONS. THE SECOND WILL BE TO CORRELATE THE FACTOR SCORES OF A-SPACE WITH THE FACTOR SCORES GENERATED FROM THE ANALYSIS OF THE WEIGHTS.

THESE MODES OF ANALYSIS WILL SHOW HOW CONFLICT EXPORT PATTERNS CLUSTER, HOW NATIONS ARE, IN FACT, LOCATED ON SUCH CLUSTERS AND REVEAL CHARACTERISTICS OF + VS. - WEIGHT NATIONS.

THE RESULTS FOLLOW:

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RELATIVE STATUS FIELD THEORY, TO, CONFLICT

I'S WITH + SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 1

12 LARGE GNP GROWTH RATE, BELOW
.91
22 NEW CURRENCY, BELOW
.70

THESE I'S ARE:

VARIABLE NUMBER 1

99 TRINIDAD
1.45
16 CENTRAL AFRICAN REP
1.31
51 IRELAND
1.19
10 BULGARIA
1.18
94 SWEDEN

1.13

96 SYRIA

1.11

119 MALTA

.83

109 VENEZUELA

.76

2 ALBANIA

.72

34 FINLAND

.60

7 BELGIUM

.57

69 MONGOLIA

.56

73 NEW ZEALAND

.55

124 SINGAPORE

.43

126 MALAYSIA

.34

50 IRAQ

.26

22 CONGO (BRA)

.26

79 PANAMA

.06

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

LITTLE DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

FEW EXECUTIVE ADJUSTMENTS

I'S WITH - SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 1

12 LARGE GNP GROWTH RATE, ABOVE

.91

22 NEW CURRENCY, ABOVE

.70

THESE I'S ARE:

116 KUWAIT

-.21

25 CUBA

-.34

121 ZAMBIA

-.39

95 SWITZERLAND

-.50

77 NORWAY

-.50

6 AUSTRIA

-.51

108 URUGUAY

-.51

36 GABON

-.66

40 GREECE

-.80

61 LEBANON

-1.08

57 JORDAN

-1.54

52 ISRAEL

-1.65

26 CYPRUS

-2.26

29 DENMARK

-2.36

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

MUCH DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

MANY EXECUTIVE ADJUSTMENTS

I'S WITH + SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH

CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 2

20 LOW CRUDE DEATH RATE, BELOW
.82
13 SMALL HEALTH EXPENDITURE AS PERCENT OF GNP, BELOW
.67
21 LITTLE ETHNO-LINGUISTIC FRACTIONALIZATION, ABOVE
-.75

THESE I'S ARE:

VARIABLE NUMBER 2

52 ISRAEL
2.35
57 JORDAN
2.11
99 TRINIDAD
1.80
51 IRELAND
1.59
119 MALTA
1.51
26 CYPRUS

.71

95 SWITZERLAND

.65

22 CONGO (BRA)

.53

116 KUWAIT

.46

77 NORWAY

.23

34 FINLAND

.22

94 SWEDEN

.21

16 CENTRAL AFRICAN REP

.16

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

LARGE POPULATION DENSITY

LARGE GNP GROWTH RATE

I'S WITH - SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 2

20 LOW CRUDE DEATH RATE, ABOVE

.82

13 SMALL HEALTH EXPENDITURE AS PERCENT OF GNP, ABOVE
.67

21 LITTLE ETHNO-LINGUISTIC FRACTIONALIZATION, BELOW
-.75

THESE I'S ARE:

7 BELGIUM
-.03

6 AUSTRIA
-.05

73 NEW ZEALAND
-.12

40 GREECE
-.21

50 IRAQ
-.22

25 CUBA
-.34

96 SYRIA
-.38

61 LEBANON
-.40

69 MONGOLIA
-.50

2 ALBANIA

-.60

124 SINGAPORE

-.68

109 VENEZUELA

-.71

79 PANAMA

-.73

10 BULGARIA

-.94

126 MALAYSIA

-1.17

121 ZAMBIA

-1.21

36 GABON

-1.52

108 URUGUAY

-1.54

29 DENMARK

-1.56

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

SMALL POPULATION DENSITY

SMALL GNP GROWTH RATE

I'S WITH + SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH

CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 3

16 HIGH ENERGY PRODUCTION, BELOW
.70
02 POWER BASE, CLOSE ABOVE
.59
22 NEW CURRENCY, ABOVE
-.52
11 FEW MILITARY PERSONNEL PER CAPITA, ABOVE
-.85

THESE I'S ARE:

VARIABLE NUMBER 3

79 PANAMA
2.61
96 SYRIA
2.12
22 CONGO (BRA)
1.61
109 VENEZUELA
1.16
16 CENTRAL AFRICAN REP

1.00

36 GABON

1.00

126 MALAYSIA

.84

57 JORDAN

.84

52 ISRAEL

.43

121 ZAMBIA

.42

108 URUGUAY

.41

61 LEBANON

.21

99 TRINIDAD

.18

51 IRELAND

.00

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

LOW ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

SMALL POWER BASE

MUCH DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

LOW RATIO OF BLACK MARKET TO OFFICIAL VIOLENCE

I'S WITH - SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 3

16 HIGH ENERGY PRODUCTION, ABOVE
.70

02 POWER BASE, FAR ABOVE
.59

22 NEW CURRENCY, BELOW
-.52

11 FEW MILITARY PERSONNEL PER CAPITA, BELOW
-.85

THESE I'S ARE:

26 CYPRUS
-.24

40 GREECE
-.29

95 SWITZERLAND
-.32

119 MALTA
-.32

94 SWEDEN
-.46

116 KUWAIT
-.47
7 BELGIUM
-.49
69 MONGOLIA
-.54
29 DENMARK
-.56
6 AUSTRIA
-.58
34 FINLAND
-.63
25 CUBA
-.77
50 IRAQ
-.79
124 SINGAPORE
-.80
2 ALBANIA
-.81
77 NORWAY
-1.14
10 BULGARIA
-1.59
73 NEW ZEALAND
-2.02

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

HIGH ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

LARGE POWER BASE

LITTLE DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

HIGH RATIO OF BLACK MARKET TO OFFICIAL VIOLENCE

I'S WITH + SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 4

06 SMALL POPULATION DENSITY, BELOW
.83

01 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, FAR BELOW
.69

15 HIGH PER CAPITA INTERNAL SECURITY FORCE, ABOVE
-.70

THESE I'S ARE:

VARIABLE NUMBER 4

126 MALAYSIA
2.09

2 ALBANIA

1.94

121 ZAMBIA

1.56

36 GABON

1.11

57 JORDAN

1.08

124 SINGAPORE

.93

69 MONGOLIA

.74

52 ISRAEL

.70

73 NEW ZEALAND

.61

50 IRAQ

.56

51 IRELAND

.49

16 CENTRAL AFRICAN REP

.40

99 TRINIDAD

.33

40 GREECE

.29

29 DENMARK

.24

119 MALTA

.23

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

LOW ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

SMALL POWER BASE

HIGH PER CAPITA INTERNAL SECURITY FORCE

FEW EXECUTIVE ADJUSTMNTS

RECENT NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE

I'S WITH - SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 4

06 SMALL POPULATION DENSITY, ABOVE

.83

01 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, CLOSE BELOW

.69

15 HIGH PER CAPITA INTERNAL SECURITY FORCE, BELOW

-.70

THESE I'S ARE:

26 CYPRUS

-.03

22 CONGO (BRA)

-.11

96 SYRIA

-.20

6 AUSTRIA

-.40

10 BULGARIA

-.41

61 LEBANON

-.46

116 KUWAIT

-.66

34 FINLAND

-.78

7 BELGIUM

-.91

25 CUBA

-1.07

77 NORWAY

-1.08

94 SWEDEN

-1.10

79 PANAMA

-1.13

109 VENEZUELA

-1.19

108 URUGUAY

-1.85

95 SWITZERLAND

-1.91

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

HIGH ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

LARGE POWER BASE

LOW PER CAPITA INTERNAL SECURITY FORCE

MANY EXECUTIVE ADJUSTMENTS

LONG NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE

I'S WITH + SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 5

04 NON-COMPETITIVE POLITICAL SYSTEM, BELOW

.91

THESE I'S ARE:

VARIABLE NUMBER 5

121 ZAMBIA

2.07

126 MALAYSIA
1.68
116 KUWAIT
1.52
79 PANAMA
1.06
119 MALTA
.98
77 NORWAY
.76
36 GABON
.73
51 IRELAND
.70
10 BULGARIA
.60
109 VENEZUELA
.58
99 TRINIDAD
.57
34 FINLAND
.56
7 BELGIUM
.48
40 GREECE
.43

94 SWEDEN

.37

26 CYPRUS

.34

95 SWITZERLAND

.12

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

HIGH ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

COMPETITIVE POLITICAL SYSTEM

RECENT NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE

FEW MILITARY PERSONNEL PER CAPITA

LOW PER CAPITA SCHOOL ENROLLMENT

I'S WITH - SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 5

04 NON-COMPETITIVE POLITICAL SYSTEM, ABOVE

.91

THESE I'S ARE:

108 URUGUAY

-.14

52 ISRAEL

-.26

124 SINGAPORE

-.30

57 JORDAN

-.30

69 MONGOLIA

-.55

29 DENMARK

-.56

73 NEW ZEALAND

-.69

50 IRAQ

-.83

61 LEBANON

-1.05

25 CUBA

-1.12

16 CENTRAL AFRICAN REP

-1.30

6 AUSTRIA

-1.36

22 CONGO (BRA)

-1.39

2 ALBANIA

-1.67

96 SYRIA

-2.06

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

LOW ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
NON-COMPETITIVE POLITICAL SYSTEM
LONG NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE
MANY MILITARY PERSONNEL PER CAPITA
HIGH PER CAPITA SCHOOL ENROLLMENT

I'S WITH + SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 6

08 RECENT NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE, BELOW
.88
07 SMALL CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY, ABOVE
-.68

THESE I'S ARE:

VARIABLE NUMBER 6

50 IRAQ
2.55
96 SYRIA

2.03

79 PANAMA

1.44

61 LEBANON

1.39

40 GREECE

1.37

99 TRINIDAD

1.06

116 KUWAIT

.66

119 MALTA

.52

26 CYPRUS

.35

10 BULGARIA

.25

121 ZAMBIA

.23

51 IRELAND

.02

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

POLITICAL INSTABILITY

LARGE POPULATION GROWTH RATE

SMALL GNP GROWTH RATE AT FIXED PRICES

LARGE GNP GROWTH RATE

I'S WITH - SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 6

08 RECENT NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE, ABOVE

.88

07 SMALL CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY, BELOW

-.68

THESE I'S ARE:

2 ALBANIA

-.00

94 SWEDEN

-.02

124 SINGAPORE

-.14

108 URUGUAY

-.14

52 ISRAEL

-.17

73 NEW ZEALAND

-.21

29 DENMARK

-.26

34 FINLAND

-.32

6 AUSTRIA

-.35

25 CUBA

-.42

69 MONGOLIA

-.45

57 JORDAN

-.52

95 SWITZERLAND

-.54

77 NORWAY

-.57

36 GABON

-.80

109 VENEZUELA

-.93

126 MALAYSIA

-.97

7 BELGIUM

-1.34

16 CENTRAL AFRICAN REP

-1.36

22 CONGO (BRA)

-2.37

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

POLITICAL STABILITY
SMALL POPULATION GROWTH RATE
LARGE GNP GROWTH RATE AT FIXED PRICES
SMALL GNP GROWTH RATE

I'S WITH + SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 7

18 HIGH RATIO OF BLACK MARKET TO OFFICIAL EXCHANGE, BELOW
.76
03 POLITICAL INSTABILITY, ABOVE
-.83

THESE I'S ARE:

VARIABLE NUMBER 7

7 BELGIUM
1.70
61 LEBANON
1.60

96 SYRIA
1.55
10 BULGARIA
1.19
109 VENEZUELA
1.18
36 GABON
.98
29 DENMARK
.96
52 ISRAEL
.83
40 GREECE
.77
34 FINLAND
.74
116 KUWAIT
.60
94 SWEDEN
.43
126 MALAYSIA
.27
77 NORWAY
.15
22 CONGO (BRA)
.09

57 JORDAN

.08

119 MALTA

.05

73 NEW ZEALAND

.05

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

LARGE POPULATION DENSITY

LARGE CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY

NEW CURRENCY

I'S WITH - SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 7

18 HIGH RATIO OF BLACK MARKET TO OFFICIAL EXCHANGE, ABOVE

.76

03 POLITICAL INSTABILITY, BELOW

-.83

THESE I'S ARE:

2 ALBANIA

-.06

99 TRINIDAD

-.32

50 IRAQ

-.47

16 CENTRAL AFRICAN REP

-.52

51 IRELAND

-.59

26 CYPRUS

-.62

108 URUGUAY

-.79

95 SWITZERLAND

-.95

69 MONGOLIA

-1.11

6 AUSTRIA

-1.20

124 SINGAPORE

-1.23

121 ZAMBIA

-1.28

25 CUBA

-2.03

79 PANAMA

-2.04

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

SMALL POPULATION DENSITY

SMALL CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY

OLD CURRENCY

I'S WITH + SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 8

05 SMALL POPULATION GROWTH RATE, BELOW

.92

14 HIGH PER CAPITA SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, ABOVE

-.55

THESE I'S ARE:

VARIABLE NUMBER 8

126 MALAYSIA

2.32

79 PANAMA

1.50

61 LEBANON

1.45

50 IRAQ

1.37

52 ISRAEL

1.04

2 ALBANIA

.88

116 KUWAIT

.75

73 NEW ZEALAND

.71

109 VENEZUELA

.66

77 NORWAY

.64

57 JORDAN

.62

16 CENTRAL AFRICAN REP

.52

34 FINLAND

.29

94 SWEDEN

.20

25 CUBA

.06

108 URUGUAY

.03

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

LARGE POPULATION GROWTH RATE

SMALL CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY

LOW PER CAPITA INTERNAL SECURITY FORCE

I'S WITH - SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 8

05 SMALL POPULATION GROWTH RATE, ABOVE

.92

14 HIGH PER CAPITA SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, BELOW

-.55

THESE I'S ARE:

10 BULGARIA

-.05

7 BELGIUM

-.07

22 CONGO (BRA)

-.15

26 CYPRUS

-.30

124 SINGAPORE

-.34

69 MONGOLIA

-.43

6 AUSTRIA

-.51

119 MALTA

-.80

95 SWITZERLAND

-.83

40 GREECE

-.89

51 IRELAND

-1.01

121 ZAMBIA

-1.31

29 DENMARK

-1.36

99 TRINIDAD

-1.44

96 SYRIA

-1.55

36 GABON

-2.00

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

SMALL POPULATION GROWTH RATE

LARGE CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY

HIGH PER CAPITA INTERNAL SECURITY FORCE

I'S WITH + SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 9

17 MANY ELECTIONS, BELOW

.91

09 LITTLE DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, BELOW

.58

THESE I'S ARE:

VARIABLE NUMBER 9

124 SINGAPORE

1.75

116 KUWAIT

1.59

61 LEBANON

1.52

36 GABON

1.31

69 MONGOLIA

1.24

25 CUBA

1.12

7 BELGIUM

1.02

96 SYRIA

.76

52 ISRAEL

.61

50 IRAQ

.56

121 ZAMBIA

.42

6 AUSTRIA

.40

126 MALAYSIA

.35

22 CONGO (BRA)

.09

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

RECENT NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE

I'S WITH - SCORES ON THE FACTOR DIMENSION TEND TO EXPORT HIGH CONFLICT TO J'S WITH THE CHARACTERISTICS, RELATIVE TO I, OF:

VARIABLE NUMBER 9

17 MANY ELECTIONS, ABOVE

.91

09 LITTLE DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, ABOVE

.58

THESE I'S ARE:

77 NORWAY

-.12

95 SWITZERLAND

-.13

16 CENTRAL AFRICAN REP

-.19

26 CYPRUS

-.21

73 NEW ZEALAND

-.22

99 TRINIDAD

-.32

57 JORDAN

-.47

10 BULGARIA

-.48

108 URUGUAY

-.50

51 IRELAND

-.58

34 FINLAND

-.58

94 SWEDEN

-.59

119 MALTA

-.72

109 VENEZUELA

-.74

40 GREECE

-.86

79 PANAMA

-1.30

29 DENMARK

-2.26

2 ALBANIA

-2.50

THEY TEND TO HAVE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF:

LONG NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE